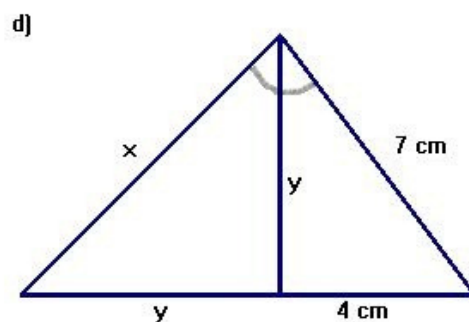
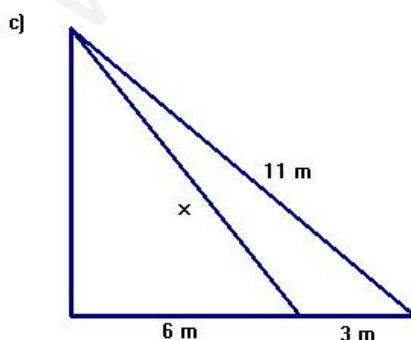
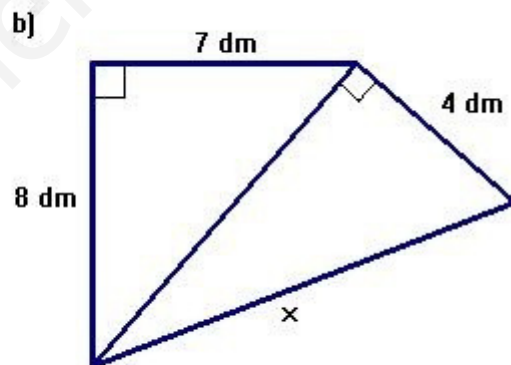
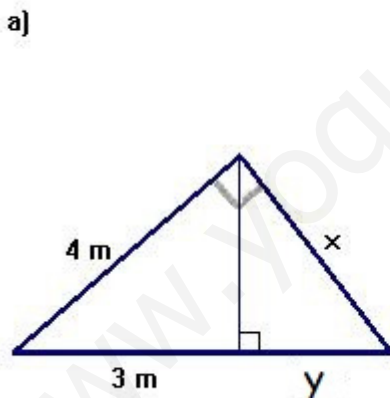


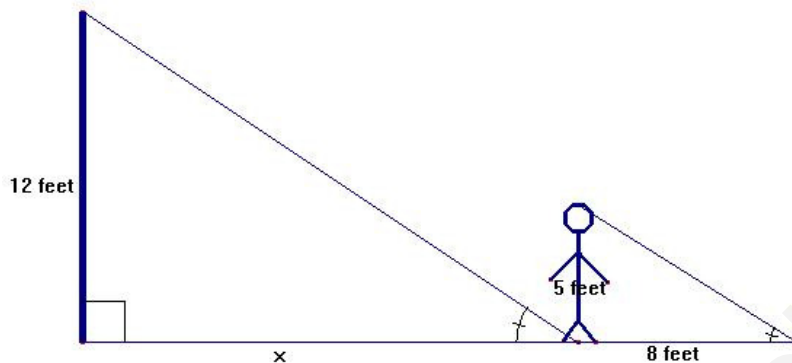
EXAM 2_3 (Geometry-Trigonometry)

1. A 5-foot-tall person casts an 8-foot shadow. A vertical pole that supports a basketball hoop is 12 feet high. How long is the shadow of the pole? (1.5 p)
2. From a point 10 m from a vertical wall, the angles of elevation of the bottom and the top of a statue of Sir Isaac Newton, set in the wall, are 40° and 52° . Calculate the height of the statue. (1.5 points)
3. Calculate the size of the acute angle between the two diagonal of a rectangle which diagonal is 12 cm long and has a side of 5 cm. Give your answer rounding to degrees and minutes. (1.5 points)
4. Find the length of the diagonal of a cube of side 5 dm. (1.5 points)
5. In each triangle find the missing length (write the steps you have taken to reach the solution): (4 points)



SOLUTION

1. A 5-foot-tall person casts an 8-foot shadow. A vertical pole that supports a basketball hoop is 12 feet high. How long is the shadow of the pole?

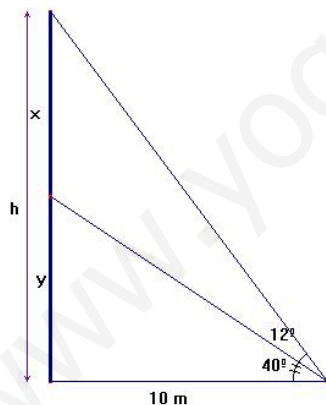


Similar triangles because they have congruent angles.

$$\frac{12}{5} = \frac{x}{8} \Rightarrow x = \frac{8 \cdot 12}{5} = 19.2$$

The shadow is 19.2 feet long

2. From a point 10 m from a vertical wall, the angles of elevation of the bottom and the top of a statue of Sir Isaac Newton, set in the wall, are 40° and 52° . Calculate the height of the statue.



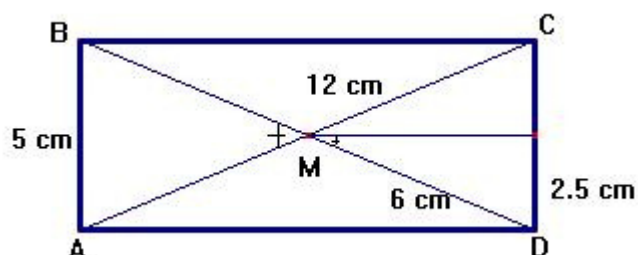
$$\tan 40^\circ = \frac{y}{10} \Rightarrow y = 10 \tan 40^\circ = 8.39 \text{ m}$$

$$\tan 52^\circ = \frac{h}{10} \Rightarrow h = 10 \tan 52^\circ = 12.80 \text{ m}$$

Height of the statue:

$$x = 12.80 - 8.39 = 4.41 \text{ m}$$

3. Calculate the size of the acute angle between the two diagonals of a rectangle which diagonal is 12 cm long and has a side of 5 cm. Give your answer rounding to degrees and minutes.

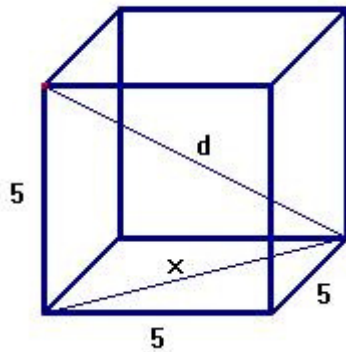


$$\sin \alpha = \frac{2.5}{6} \Rightarrow \alpha = 24^\circ 37' 28''$$

The acute angle between the diagonals is

$$2\alpha = 2 \cdot 24^\circ 37' 28'' = 49^\circ 15'$$

4. Find the length of the diagonal of a cube of side 5 dm. Give your answer rounding to the hundredth



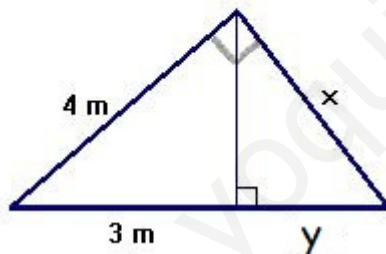
$$x^2 = 5^2 + 5^2 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{50}$$

$$d^2 = x^2 + 5^2 \Rightarrow d^2 = 50 + 25 = 75$$

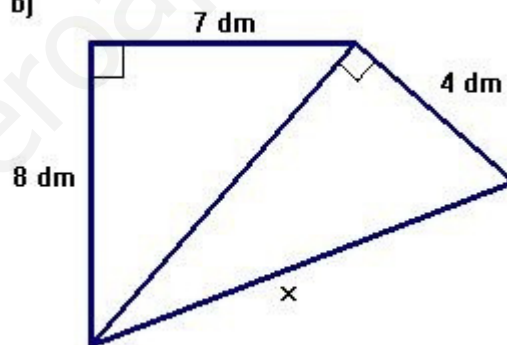
$$d = \sqrt{75} = 8.66 \text{ dm}$$

5. In each triangle find the missing length (write the steps you have taken to reach the solution):

a)



b)



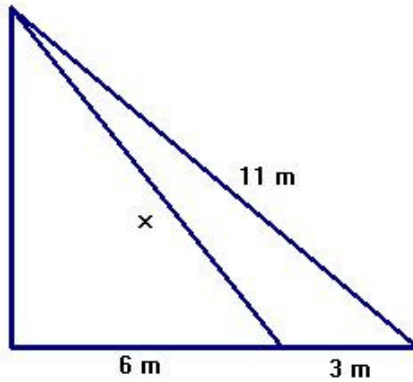
- a) It is a right-angle triangle: (leg's theorem) $4^2 = 3 \cdot (3 + y) \Rightarrow 16 = 9 + 3y \Rightarrow y = \frac{7}{3} \text{ m}$

Pythagorean theorem: $\left(3 + \frac{7}{3}\right)^2 = 4^2 + x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{256}{9} - 16 = \frac{112}{9} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{112}}{3} \approx 3.53 \text{ m}$

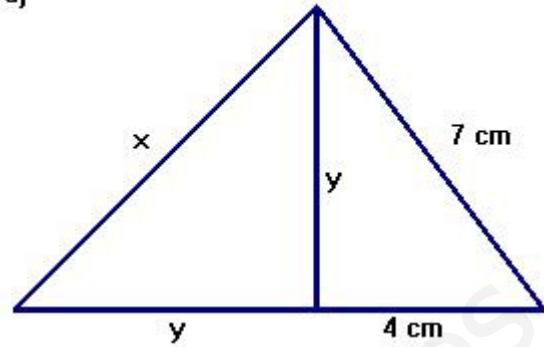
- b) Pythagorean theorem: $a^2 = 8^2 + 7^2 \Rightarrow a^2 = 113 \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{113} \text{ dm}$

$$x^2 = \sqrt{113}^2 + 4^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = 113 + 16 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{129} \approx 11.36 \text{ dm}$$

c)



d)



c) Pythagorean theorem: $11^2 = 9^2 + h^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = 121 - 81 \Rightarrow h = \sqrt{40}$ m

$$x^2 = 6^2 + h^2 = 36 + 40 = 76 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{76} \approx 8.72 \text{ m}$$

d) Pythagorean theorem: $7^2 = 4^2 + y^2 \Rightarrow y^2 = 49 - 16 = 33 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{33} \approx 5.74$ cm

$$x^2 = y^2 + y^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = 2\sqrt{33}^2 \Rightarrow y^2 = 66 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{66} \approx 8.12 \text{ cm}$$