# 2.-Present continuous

Acciones que ocurren en el momento de hablar.

# **Ejemplo:**

I'm having a bath now. Me *estoy bañando ahora.* 

 Acciones que están ocurriendo temporalmente, no necesariamente en el momento de hablar.

## **Ejemplos:**

My brother is working in a pizza restaurant at the moment. *Mi hermano está trabajando ahora en una pizzería.* 

I'm learning French at the moment. Ahora estoy aprendiendo francés.

Para este tiempo es necesario conocer el VERBO TO BE y acompañarlo de un verbo con la terminacion ...ing (...ando, ...iendo). Puedes apreciar el ejemplo en la siguiente tabla

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I am working	I am not living	Am I singing?
You are working	You are not living	Are you singing?
He is eating	He is not going	Is he cooking?
She is eating	She is not going	Is she cooking?
It is sleeping	It is not flying	Is it running?
We are sleeping	We are not flying	Are we running ?
You are visiting	You are not watching	Are you traveling?
They are visiting	They are not watching	Are they traveling?

Recuérdese que podemos contraer las formas del verbo to be: I'm, you're, he's etc.

Error común: I listening to music. X

No solo tienes que agregar ING al verbo debes conocer algunas de las reglas:

# Reglas de Ortografía para la forma -ing

• En general, añadimos -ing a la forma de infinitivo.

**Ejemplos:** 

Listen / listening meet/ meeting do / doing Go / going read / reading pass / passing

• Los verbos acabados en consonante + -e *omiten la -e* final delante de *-ing.* 

**Ejemplos:** 

Survive/surviving leave/leaving behave/behaving

Live/living write/writing hide/hiding

• Los verbos monosilábicos acabados en vocal corta +consonante duplican la cosonante final delante de -ing.

**Ejemplos:** 

Stop/stopping knit/knitting put/putting

Swim/swimming rob/robbing run/running

• Los verbos acabados en -ie cambian la -ie por la y delante de -ing.

**Ejemplos:** 

Die/dying lie/lying

• En los verbos acabados en -y, la y no cambia delante de -ing.

**Ejemplos:** 

Try/ trying lay / laying

#### **EXERCISE 1**

1 - Put these sentences into the Negative and Interrogative form.

a) Mary is teaching math.		
neg.		
inter.		
b) They are having fun at the party.		
neg.		
inter.		
c) You are listening to music.		
neg.		
inter.		

# Exercise 2 - Answer these questions. a) What are you doing? \_\_\_\_\_\_ b) What is your friend doing? \_\_\_\_\_ c) Is your mother listening to the radio? \_\_\_\_\_ d) Is your dog eating a lot of beef? \_\_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 3 - Complete the sentences using one of the words below.

paint	drink	sing	have	play
a) She is beautifully.				
b) He is soccer.				
c) They are		a lemona	de at the sna	ck bar.
d) My mother is		a wonde	rful picture.	
e) We are a great time here.				
Exercise 4 - Match the two columns.				
a) What are you	doing?	1) No	, she isn't.	
b) Is she writing a letter?			, we aren't.	
c) Where are yo	u going?	3) Wa	ashing the dis	shes.
d) When is she t	traveling?	4) To	morrow morr	ning.
e) Are we having	g dinner out tonig	ht? 5) To	Montreal.	

#### **Answer key activities**

Activity 1

a)Mary isn't teaching math /Is Mary teaching math?

b) They aren't having fun at the party/Are they having fun at the party?

c)You aren't listening to music /Are you listening to music

Activity 2

1 y 2 respuesta variable 3.-Yes, she is. or No she isn't. 4.-Yes, it is. or No, it isn't

Activity 3

a-singing b-playing c-drinking d-painting e-having

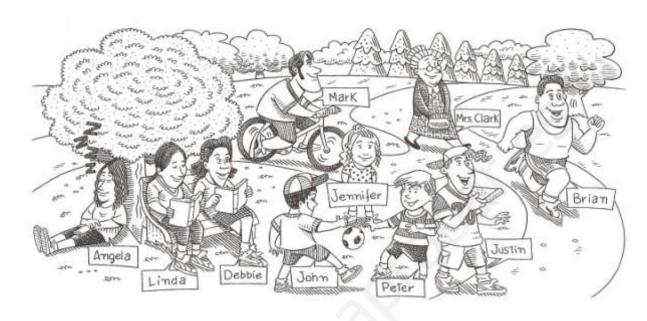
Activity 4

a-3 b-1 c-5 d-4 e-2

# Unit 5 Exam

# What are you doing?

# Activity 1.-Look at the picture. Write what the people are doing.



1.	Mark <u>is riding a bicycle</u>
2.	Angela
3.	Brian
4.	Linda and Debbie
5.	Justin
	Mag Clark

# 

# Activity 2.-Complete the sentences. Use these verbs in the present Continuous.

Drink	Open	Sit	Talk	Watch
Eat	Read	play	study	Wear

Example: David <u>is talking</u> to Anne on the telephone.

1. They ..... in our seats!

2. Paul ..... the race.

3. Jane ..... the door.

4. Tony ..... a magazine.

5. George ..... a white shirt.

6. My brothers ..... soccer

7. Rachel ..... a sandwich.

δ.	BOD a SOUA.				
9.	Linda	afor a test			
Activity 3Put the sentences in order to make a telephone conversation.					
	1	Paul:	No, we aren't. The you?	re isn't' a radio in the garage. What about	
	2	Paul:	My brother is calling me now. See you tomorrow		
	3	Paul:	Yes, it is. Hello Andrea.		
	4	Paul:	I'm helping my brother, we're fixing his bike		
	5	<u>1</u> Andrea:	Hello, Is this Paul?		
	6	Andrea:	Yes, I am. I'm listening to an interesting program about England		
	7	<u>3</u> Andrea:	What are you doing?		
	8	Andrea:	Are you listening to the radio too?		
Activity 4 Match the sentences in column A with the appropriate complements in column B.					
	_ 1.	They aren't wea	ring sweaters.	a) because it's timet o go to school.	
	_ 2.	He's eating a ho	t dog	b) because they're dirty	
	_ 3.	I'm running		c) because he's hungry	
	_ 4.	She is buying a	cake	d) because it's hot today	
	_ 5.	He's washing his	s jeans	e) because it's her birthday	
	_ 6.	We're leaving no	ow	f) because I'm late	

# **Answer key activities**

#### Activity 1

2.-is sleeping , 3.-is running 4.-are reading books 5.-is eating pizza 6.-is walking 7.-is watching her friends 8.- are playing soccer

#### Activity 2

1.- are sitting 2.-is watching 3.- is opening 4.- is reading 5.- is wearing 6.-are playing 7.-is eating 8.-is drinking 9.- is studying

### Activity 3

1.-6 2.-8 3.-2 4.-4 5.-1 6.-7 7.-3 8.-5

Activity 4

1.-d 2.-c 3.-f 4.-e 5.-b 6.-a