# ENGLISH ACTIVITIES. 1<sup>ST</sup> ESO.

NAME:

## GRAMMAR.

#### **Subject pronouns and Possessive adjectives**

#### Complete the possessive adjectives in the table.

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
1	m <u>y</u>
you	(1) y
he	(2) h
she	(3) h
it	(4) i
we	(5) o
they	(6) t

#### Choose the correct option.

- 1 My uncle is Portuguese. **He / His** lives in Porto.
- 2 I have got two sisters. **Your / Our**dad is English.
- 3 When do you / she play tennis?
- 4 I've got Mr and Mrs Smith's address, but what's his / their phone number?
- 5 There's my mother. She's with her / your best friend, Sue. They go everywhere together.
- 6 I've got a black and white cat. It / Its name is Figaro.
- 7 **We / Our** go to church every Sunday.

	Asha is Indian. <u>He</u> lives in Mumbai.		
1	Rob and Jess are friends are in my class.		
2	I am fourteen. Today is birthday.		
3	I want to call Joe. What's phone number?		
4	Sean has got a laptop is new.		
5	We are in class 3. Mrs Arnold is teacher.		

## Possessive 's

Write sentences with the pron	pts. Use the possessiv	e 's or'.
-------------------------------	------------------------	-----------

Je	ssica / pencil case	
<u>Je</u>	ssica's pencil case is yell	ow and blue.
1	The teacher / desk	
		is big.
2	Grace / cat	_
		is called Tiddles.
3	The boys / shoes	
		are dirty.
4	James / calculator	•
		is in his school bag
5	My parents / bicycles	
	, ,	are next to my bicycle

## have got

## Look at the table and complete the sentences. Use the correct form of have got.

	a dog	a laptop	a guitar
Oliver	×	✓	✓
Jack and Emily	✓	✓	*
Me	×	✓	*

		Oliver hasn't got a	ı dog.	
1.		Oliver	_ an laptop.	
2.		Oliver		
3.		Jack and Emily	a dog.	
4.			a laptop.	
5.		Jack and Emily	a guitar.	
6.		I a dog	g.	
7.		Oliver and I	a laptop.	
8.		Jack, Emily and I	a guitar.	
	W	rite questions and	short answers. Use the c	correct form of have got
	1	he / laptop		
				_?
		Yes,		
	2	they / bicycles		
				?
		No,		
	3	we / dictionary		
	J			?
		Yes,		
		res,	•	
	1	Sophie / cat		
	4	Soprile / Cat		7
				·
		No,		
	_	vou / seheel hag		
	5	you / school bag		?
		Yes,	•	
	6	I / calculator		
				_ ?
		No,		
		,		

## be: present simple

Co	omplete the sentences with 'm, 's,or're.			
	I 'm a student.			
1	It half past six.			
2	You in my class.			
	We from Spain.			
4	Laura my friend.			
5	I twelve years old.			
6	She my mother.			
Co	emplete the sentences with the affirmative or negativeform of be.			
	They <u>aren't</u> new. (✗)			
1	We from Portugal. (x)			
	My name Julia. (✓)			
	I at school right now. (*)			
	It the same. (*)			
5	I a student. (✓)			
6	You from Spain. (✓)			
	Lena here today. (x)			
8	Jo and May students. (✓)			
Co	omplete the questions and short answers.			
	Areyou in this class?			
	Yes, lam.			
1	this your pen?			
•	No, it			
2	Lucy and Joe at home?			
	No, they			
3	lin the right classroom?			
	Yes, you			
4	we friends?			
	Yes, we			
5	today Tuesday?			
	Yes, it			
6	I Sara's cousin?			
	No,you			
7	Ruben from Spain?			
	No, he			
8	you thirteen years old?			
	Yes, I			
9	she a student?			

Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_ .

# there is / there are + a, an, some and any

			tive and negative sentences. Use <i>There's, There isn't, There are</i> or <i>There in,some</i> or <i>any</i> .
		restaurant	<b>(</b> ✓)
		There's a r	restaurant.
	1	stairs (*)	
	2	balcony (×	)
	3	windows (	
	4	sofa (✓)	
	5	umbrella (	x)
	6	shop (✓)	
	7	lifts (×)	
	8	fireplace (v	
	9	garages (*	$\gamma$
5		rite short a	sofa in the room?
1.			any stairs to the top floor?
2.		( <b>v</b> )	a shop in the hotel?
		( <b>x</b> )	
3.		( <b>x</b> )	_ any pets in your house?
4.		(**)	any chairs in the bedroom?
_		<b>(√)</b>	
5.		( <b>x</b> )	a balcony in the room?
6.			a swimming pool?
7		<b>(√)</b>	
7.		( <b>x</b> )	a restaurant in the hotel?
8.			any showers by the pool?
		(✓)	

## Present simple: affirmative and negative

O.	get go make
	We <u>go</u> shopping on Fridays.
9.	Maria up early during the week.
10.	I my bed in the morning.
11.	Paul for a walk most evenings.
12.	Jude changed quickly in the morning.
13.	My bike a strange noise when I cycle.
14.	Ruby and Joeto the cinema every month.
R	ewrite the sentences from exercise 1 in the negative.
	We don't go shopping on Fridays.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
W	rite affirmative or negative sentences.
	I / have a shower / every evening. ✓
	I have a shower every evening.
1	Sabine / go orienteering / every weekend ✓
2	Elena / clean her room / every day ×
3	Juan / make breakfast / for his family ×
4	We / feed the animals / every morning ✓
5	Sue and Dave / go shopping / on Sundays ×
Pres	sent simple: questions and short answers
C	omplete the questions with the words.
	Who What When Where Why How often
	When do you do free running?
	At the weekend.
1	do you do? We run and jump.
2	do you do it? Every day.
3	do you do it? On the streets in my city.
4	do you do it with? With friends.
5	do you do it? Because it's fun.

W	rite questions and complete the short answe	ers.	
	Lukas / sing in the choir ?		
	Does Lukas sing in the choir? Yes, he does.		
1	we / have fruit ?	•	
		_?	
0	Yes, we		
2	Ben / chat online ?	2	
	No, he	_?	
2	you / go to the beach ?		
3	you / go to the beach ?	?	
	No, I	- '	
4	Amita / play an instrument ?		
4	Amilia / play an institument :	?	
	Yes, she	_ :	
5	Javier and Dafne / listen to music ?		
J	Javiel and Dame / listen to music :	?	
	Yes, they	- '	
6	Manuel / play computer games ?		
U	Marider play computer games :	2	
	No, he	-	
7	You / watch TV ?		
•	Tou, water iv .	2	
	Yes, I	_,	
Obie	ect pronouns		
j.	P. 0.1.0 0.1.0		
C	omplete the sentences.		
	her him it me them	us youthem	
	'Do you like apples?''l love them.'		
15.	Jon's sister helps with his homework.		
16.	We're Mr Smith's favourite students. He likes		
17.	Miriam wants the answer but I don't know		
18.	These books are for my mum. And this DVD is for, too.		
19.			
20.	'Silvia! Jorge wants to speak to He's or	n the phone.'	
21.	When do you feed your rabbits?' 'I feed		

# Adverbs of frequency

Ti	ick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.
	aAndy never talks in class. 🗹
	b Andy talks never in class. $\square$
1	a I go to bed always before 10pm. $\square$
	bl always go to bed before 10pm. □
2	
	bSean never cleans his room.
3	al am usually tired at the end of class. $\square$
	bl usually am tired at the end of class.
4	a We often send text messages to friends.
	bWe send text messages often to friends.
5	aThe children walk usually to school.
	bThe children usually walk to school.
6	aThere is usually snow here in winter. $\square$
	b There usually is snow here in winter.
<b>C</b> .	amplete the table with the advanta of fragrency
	omplete the table with the adverbs of frequency.
	Always never often sometimes usually
	● ● ● ● always
	(1) ●●●○
	(2) ●●○○ <u></u>
	(3) • 0 0 0
	(4) 0000
W	rite the sentences with the correct adverbs of frequency from exercise 2.
	Jacob listens to music. (●●●●)
	Jacob always listens to music.
1	Carla eats meat. (000)
2	Harry talks in class. (•○○○)
3	Evie listens to classical music. (●●○○)
4	Jack comes to school with Jess. (●●●○)
5	James brushes his hair. (0000)
6	I get up late. (●●●○)
_	Angura in time! (COO)
7	Angus is tired. (●●●●)

# like + -ing / noun

w	Irite questions starting with Do you like	2
•••	play / football ?	• •
	Do you like playing football?	
1	run ?	
•	TOTT:	?
2	water sports ?	·
_	manor opone :	?
3	chat / online ?	<del></del>
		?
4	Beyonce ?	
		?
5	Zac Efron ?	
		?
6	buy / clothes ?	
		?
7	romantic films?	
		?
8	listen to / classical music ?	
		?
M	latch 1–7 with A–G.	
1	_	
2	©© B like(s) © C am/are/is crazy abo	
4	© D can't stand	ut
·	<ul><li>⊕</li></ul>	
5 6	⊗ F love(s)	
7	⊗⊗ G don't/doesn't mind	
′	G don vaces it initia	
Co	omplete the short answers with the corre	ct form of the words in exercise 5.
	Do they like running?	
	Yes, they are crazy about it.(©©©)	
	Do you like getting up early?	
	No, I it. (⊗@	3⊝)
2	Does Eva like visiting theme parks?	•
	She it. (🖰)	
3	Do Hugo and Joe like kitesurfing?	
	Yes, they it	. (©©)
4	Does Dom like swimming?	
	Yes, he it. (	©©©)
5	Do they like ice skating?	
	No they	t. (88)

## **Comparative adjectives**

#### Complete the table.

Adjective	Comparative
<u>short</u>	shorter than
(1) slow	
(2) big	
(3) good	
(4) easy	
(5) popular	
(6) bad	
(7) strange	
(8) difficult	

#### Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives.

	The rides are <i>faster than</i> (fast) last	year.
1	Skydiving is	(scary) surfing.
2	The rides at Universal Studios are	(exciting) the rides at Disney
	World.	
3	My English is	(good) my French.
4	Norway is	(expensive) England.
5	Driving on small roads is	(dangerous) driving on big roads.
6	My room is	(small) my sister's room.
7	Reading books is	(interesting) watching TV.
8	Walking the dog is	(enjoyable) cleaning your room.
9	Playing computer games is	(boring) playing football.
10	Thunderstorms are	(frightening) fireworks

## Superlative adjectives

#### Write the words in the superlative form under the correct heading.

bad big cheap dangerous snowy good hotsurprising low noisy safe

-est	-st
<u>the lowest</u> (1)	(2)
-iest	double consonant + -est

most + adjective	irregular
(7)(8)	(9) (10)

	·	
	Luxor is drier than Ica, but Arica in Chile is the driest place.	
1	Waialeale in Hawaii is wetter than Quibdo in Colombia, but Cherrapunji in India	
	isplace.	
2	The Amazon is <i>longer</i> than the Mississippi, but the Nile is	river ir
	the world.	
3	Kebili in Tunisia is hotter than Hamidiyeh in Iran, but Death Valley, in California, is	
	place.	
4	Northice in Greenland is <i>colder</i> than Snag in Canada, but Oymyakon in Siberia isplace.	
5	Ireland is <i>cloudier</i> than Norway, but Scotland isplace.	
6		
7	Istanbul is more crowded than Mexico City, but Shanghai is	citv.
8	In my country, autumn is <i>better</i> than winter, but spring iss	
Co	omplete the sentences with the verbs in the -ing form.	
	carry come get make sit swim take	
	Maya is <i>taking</i> a photo of Max.	
1		
	Kate and Rosie are some big bags.	
3		
4	Isobel isn't in the sea, she's in the pool.	
5	Carla is to my house now.	
6	My grandpa is in his favourite chair.	
Ü	in in standard of the standard	
W	rite affirmative (+) and negative (-) sentences. Use the present continuous.	
	we / study English	
	(+) We're studying English.	
	(–) We aren't studying English.	
1	you / draw a dog	
	(+)	
	(-)	
2	we/ hang out with friends	
	(+)	
	(-)	
3	Carlos / come to school	
	(+)	
	(-)	
4	it / rain	
	(+)	
	(-)	
5	she / hold her mother's hand	

	(+)	
	(-)	
6	Sophie / dive into the pool (+)	
W	/rite the words in the correct order.	
	you / are / what / doing / ? What are you doing?	
1	climbing / the tree / you / are / ?	
2	the piano / Alba / practising / is / ?	
3	are / their books / closing / they / ?	
4	is / going / Henry / where / ?	
5	she / is / why / crying / ?	
W	/rite present continuous questions.	
W	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?	
<b>W</b>	you / get changed ?	
1	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?	
1	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?	
1 2 3	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?	
1 2 3 4	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?	
1 2 3 4	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?	
1 2 3 4	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?  Arite short answers to the questions in exercise 4.	
1 2 3 4 5	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?  //rite short answers to the questions in exercise 4.  (✓) Yes I am.	
1 2 3 4 5 <b>W</b>	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?  //rite short answers to the questions in exercise 4.  (★) Yes I am.  (★)	
1 2 3 4 5 <b>W</b>	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?  //rite short answers to the questions in exercise 4.  (*) Yes / am. (*)	
1 2 3 4 5 W 1 2 3	you / get changed ?  Are you getting changed?  James / brush his hair ?  Sara / write an essay ?  we / do our homework well ?  they / stay in a hotel ?  you / close the door ?  //rite short answers to the questions in exercise 4.  (★) Yes I am.  (★)	

## **Present continuous and Present simple**

Complete the sentences with the present simple or present continuous form of the verb in brackets.

	My family usually <i>go</i> to Sevilla for our holidays. (go)
1	I English at the moment. (speak)
2	Terry English on Tuesdays. (study)
3	They always to school. (walk)
4	We football right now. (not play)
5	Belen well at the moment. (not feel)
W	rite sentences. Use the present simple or present continuous.
	We / have / lunch / now
	We're having lunch now.
1	I / wear / trainers / today
2	you / usually / go / to school by bus?
3	they / live / in Madrid / at the moment ?
4	Liz and Phil / sail their boat / every weekend
5	Look! The baby / wave / to you!
6	they / always / spend / Saturdays / by the sea ?
	<del></del>
Doot	aimula, ha
Pasi	simple: be
C	omplete the sentences with was / were (√) orwasn't / weren't (×).
C	
	Genoa <u>was</u> the home of the 'first jeans'. (✓)
1	Jeans common among rich people. (*)
2	In the 1920s, young boys happy to wear dresses. (✓)
	Short hair on European women popularuntil recently. (*)
4	Chanel's real name Coco, it Gabrielle. (✗)(✓)
۱۸/	rite questions from the prompts.
	·
1	Carla / at school yesterday?
2	how many people / at the show?
_	
3	how much / the tickets?
4	she my teacher / in 2010?

5	where	/ they ye	esterd	lay ev	ening?									
6	how / t	he weat	her la	st wee	ekend?				_					
	rite sen (many	/ there stences people weren't	<b>usinç</b> to hel	<b>y <i>Thei</i></b> p us)				e were	en't.					
1		e to eat												
2	(many	toilets)												
3	(a plac	e to lea	ve oui	bags	5)									
4	(any pa	arking s	paces	5)										
5	(big crowds)													
6	(a goo	d roller o	coaste	er)				Ó	-					
Past Co	simp	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb	verbs.		cane	enter	iump	nlan	nractise	roh	stav	sto
Past Co	simp	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb	verbs.	es	cape trav		jump	plan	practise	rob	stay	sto
Past Co arres	simp	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb th the	verbs.	eso	dou	el try ble onant	jump	plan	practise	rob	stay	sto
Past Co arres	t simp omplete	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb th the	verbs.	eso	dou	el try ble onant	jump	plan	practise	rob	stay	stop
Past Co arres	t simp omplete	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb th the	verbs.	eso	dou	el try ble onant	jump	plan	practise	rob	stay	stop
Past Co arres	t simp omplete	le: reg	ular ole wi	verb th the	verbs.	eso	dou	el try ble onant	jump	plan	practise	rob	stay	stol
Past Co	simpomplete carry	the take comp	ular  ole wi  are o	verb th the	escribe	ese	dou conso	ble onant ed					stay	stol
Past Co	simpomplete carry	the take comp	ular  ole wi  are o	verb th the	escribe + -ied egative	eso	dou conso	ble onant ed			practise		stay	sto
Past Co arres  +  W 1	rite the ask brush	the take comp	ular ole wi are o	verb th the	escribe + -ied egative	eso	dou consc + -	ble onant ed					stay	stol
Past Co arres  +  W 1 2	rite the ask brush carry	the take comp	ular ole wi are o	verb th the	escribe + -ied egative	eso	dou consc + -	ble onant ed					stay	stop
Past Co arres  +  W 1 2 3	rite the ask brush carry chat	the take comp	ular ole wi are o	verb th the	escribe + -ied egative	eso	dou consc + -	ble onant ed					stay	stop
Past Co arres  +  W 1 2	rite the ask brush carry	the take comp	ular ole wi are o	verb th the	escribe + -ied egative	eso	dou consc + -	ble onant ed					stay	sto

7	cry
8	compare
Wı	rite negative sentences using the past simple.
	she / not wash her hair
	She didn't wash her hair.
1	we / not go to the shops
2	he / not stay the night
3	they / not open the door
4	I / not try very hard yesterday
5	the three suspects / not escape from the police
6	you / not practise the violin at the weekend
7	the food / not taste good

## Past simple: irregular and regular verbs

#### Write the past simple form of the verbs.

Infinitive	Past simple
go	<u>went</u>
have	(1)
help	(2)
swim	(3)
cook	(4)
discover	(5)
find	(6)
meet	(7)
travel	(8)
win	(9)

#### Put the words in the correct order using the verbs in the past simple.

a photo / I / of / yesterday / take / Paul I took a photo of Paul yesterday.

1 travel / last / they / year / to Italy

-----

2 we / you / on Monday / not see

3 two years / Sean / in Chile / live / for

\_\_\_\_\_

4 not rain / it / today

5 make / my test / in / two / I / mistakes

6	not watch TV / all evening / we
Co	omplete the story with the verbs in the past simple.
	be buy fall have hit not mind play stay swim throw try not want
ot (4 So (1	Tehad a great day at the beach yesterday. Some people (1) in the sea and hers (2) racket ball on the beach. I (3) surfing for the first time,but I (2) into the water a lot. It (5) hot, so we (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (2) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (3) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (3) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (3) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (3) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (4) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (4) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (4) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (5) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the first time,but I (6) some ice cream. In the sea and surfing for the surfing for the surf
VV	rite negative sentences.
	We had a party last night.
4	We didn't have a party last night.
1	They watched a film.
2	Sam met Julia's mother.
3	I won the lottery.
4	Maria went to school.
5	We made our beds this morning.
6	You saw the bank robbery.
Past	simple: questions
Co	omplete the past simple questions.
	<u>Did you</u> see Michael yesterday? (you)
1	leave? (he)
2	Who speak to? (I)
	Why call you? (she)
	What do last Saturday? (we)
_	Where meet? (you)
6	wait for us? (they)
R	ead the answers and complete the questions using the verbs.
L	do get go <del>play</del> see travel watch
	Did you play any games?
ı	Yes, we played tennis and football.
l	Where the match? We watched the match in Valencia.
2	What on holiday?
-	Trias or rollary:

	We swam in the sea every day.	
3	Why	by train?
	We travelled by train because we	wanted to see lots of cities.
4	When	home?
	We got home last Saturday.	
5	Where	in Rome?
	We went to the Colosseum and the	he Forum.
6	Who	in Paris?
	Manager friand And	

# VOCABULARY.

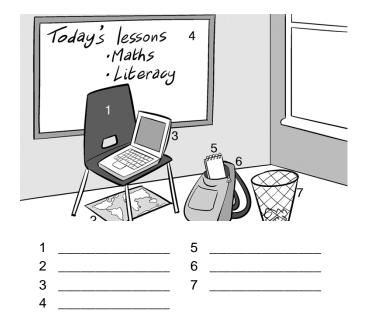
#### **Countries / Nationalities**

Re	ead the capital cities and then complete the info
	Countrythe USA
	Nationality American
	Capital Washington D.C.
1	Country
	Nationality
	Capital London
2	Country
	Nationality
	Capital Buenos Aires
3	Country
	Nationality
	Capital Rome
4	Country
	Nationality
	Capital Ottawa
5	Country
	Nationality
	Capital Beijing
6	Country
	Nationality
	Capital Tokyo

#### **Classroom objects**

Match seven of the words to items 1-7 in the pictures.

bin calculator chair desk dictionary door laptop notebook poster school bag wall whiteboard window



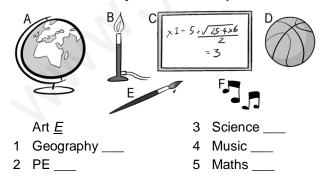
## **Prepositions of place**

Look at the picture in exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words.

	o pietare in exer	5100 <u>21</u>			
	behind	betweenin i	n front of next to	on	under
The sc	nool bag is <i>betwee</i>	en the chair a	nd the bin.		
1 The no	tebook is	the sch	ool bag.		
2 The bir	ı ist	the school ba	g.		
3 The lap	otop is	the chair.			
4 The ch	air is	_ the whitebo	ard.		
5 The wh	iteboard is	the cl	nair.		
6 The po	ster is	the chair.			

## School subjects

Match school subjects 1-5 to the pictures A-F.



### Days of the week / Times

Complete the days of the week.

1	M	5	F
2	T	6	S
3	W	7	S

4 T\_\_\_\_\_

#### 6 Complete the times with the words.

	half	past	quarter	ten	to
1	2:15 = past two.		-		
	12:50 = to one.				
3	1:30 = past one.				
4	11:35 = twenty-five	_ twel	ve.		
5	9:25 = twenty-five	nine.			

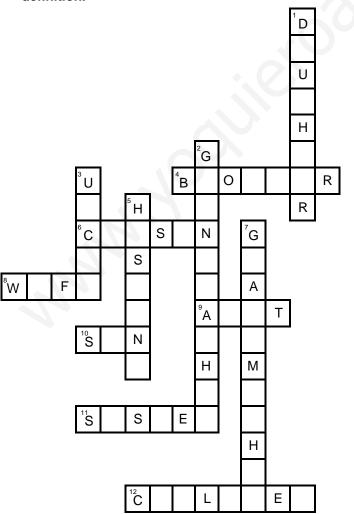
### Classroom language

#### Choose the correct option.

- 1 Excuse me, what / how does 'bin' mean?
- 2 How do you write / spell 'window'?
- 3 You put / Put your hands up.
- 4 Don't / No eat in class.
- 5 How / What do you say ... in English?

#### **Family**

Complete the crossword with family words. Then write the word next to each definition.



1 My mother's brother is my uncle (3) 2 My father's sister's son is my 3 My mother is my father's 4 My father's mother is my 5 My sister and I are my parents' 6 My sister is my mother's 7 My brother is my mother's 8 My father is my mother's 9 My mother's father is my 10 My mother's sister is my 11 My father's son is my 12 My father's daughter is my						
Rooms and homes						
Complete the company tion with the woods						
Complete the conversation with the words.						
balcony bathroom beds bedrooms dining	garage kitchen iiit living sola stalls iv					
<ul> <li>Sue Hi, Rose. How's the holiday?</li> <li>Rose It's great! We're in a flat. There are three (1), one each for the children and the big one for us. Ours has got a (2), so we can have a shower when we want. It's also got a (3) so we can sit outside and enjoy the fantastic view. And the (4) are really comfortable. We sleep well.</li> <li>Sue Can you cook?</li> <li>Rose Oh, yes, there's a big (5) and we eat in the (6) room. Then we sit on the big (7) in the (8) room and watch (9)</li> <li>Sue Have you got a car?</li> <li>Rose Yes, it's in the (10) under the flat. The only problem is there's no (11) and there are a lot of (12) to get to our flat on the top floor!</li> </ul>						
Adjectives						
Tick (✓) the pairs of adjectives which mean opposites.  different / the same ★  amazing / fantastic 4 strange / unusu beautiful / ugly 5 start / end  new / old	., .					
Giving personal information						
Read the answers and complete the questi	ions.					
What's your first <u>name</u> ?						
Sabine.						
1 What's your?						

	Rousselet.	
2	How do you	that?
	R-O-U-S-S-E-L-E-T.	
3	What's your	?
	French.	
4	What's your	?
	00567 4340 128.	
5	What's your	address?
	sabinerou@mail.com	

## **Daily routines**

#### Find ten verbs in the wordpuzzle.

						•			
0	Υ	Q	Р	D	М	K	Е	I	K
В	Н	W	Υ	G	Н	М	Α	K	Е
Р	G	0	G	Е	J	G	Т	Н	F
L	Е	W	J	Т	Α	F	N	D	Z
1	Т	1	S	М	V	Е	Υ	F	G
S	U	Р	С	L	Е	Α	Ν	D	L
W	Р	K	Α	X	U	F	М	X	F
Α	V	F	D	U	I	Н	Α	٧	E
S	Ε	Ν	K	S	Q	Р	K	В	Е
Н	Υ	В	R	U	S	Н	E	Z	D

#### Complete the text with nine of the verbs from exercise 1 in the correct form.

I (1) get up early, usually at 6.30 a.m., and (2) a shower. Then I (3) changed,
(4) my hair and go downstairs for breakfast. My parents, my brother and I usually sit
down together. Our mum always (5) breakfast. Sometimes we (6) eggs and
sometimes we have cereal. After that, I (7) the animals. They are always hungry!
We've got a young cat, called Claws, and an old dog, called Bessie. Then I go to my room. I
don't (8) my room in the mornings – I do that on Saturdays. After that I (9) to
school.

#### Free time activities

#### Complete the sentences with the words.

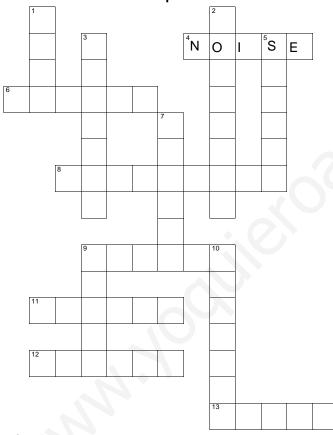
•					
chatting	choir	free	hangs	shopping	watch
I like <i>chatting</i> online. I can	contac	ct a lot	of friend	ds that way	

- 1 At weekends, Ruben \_\_\_\_\_ out with his friends.
- 2 Alison and Grace sing in a \_\_\_\_\_.

- 3 'Let's go \_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon. I want some new clothes. Do you want to come?'
- 4 On Saturday afternoons I \_\_\_\_\_ one or two hours of TV and then I go out.
- 5 Marina is very fit. She does \_\_\_\_\_ running and she swims every day.

#### Extra vocabulary

Read the clues and complete the crossword.



#### Across

- 4 something we hear, a sound
- 6 2<sup>nd</sup>
- 8 a person who doesn't get paid for his / her work
- 9 4<sup>t</sup>
- 11 the time of year when the first flowers come out
- 12 the time of year when the leaves fall
- 13 3<sup>rd</sup>

#### Down

- 1 a large area of water
- 2 funny or traditional clothes
- 3 The flowers on trees in spring
- 5 the time of year when it is hot

- 7 the time of year when it is cold
- 9 1<sup>st</sup>

10 the activity of collecting food from the field

## **Making arrangements**

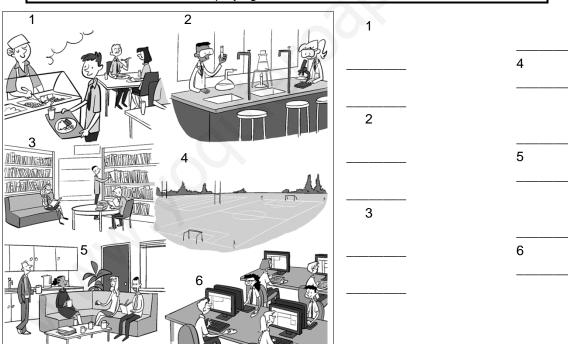
#### Match 1-7 with A-G to make sentences.

1 Are you free \_\_\_\_ A it start?
2 Sorry, I'm \_\_\_ B go to the cinema?
3 How \_\_\_ C can we meet?
4 Do you want to \_\_\_ D on Saturday?
5 What time does \_\_\_ E good for me.
6 When \_\_\_ F about Sunday?
7 That's \_\_\_ G busy.

#### **School**

#### Write the names of the places in a school.

canteen ICT suite library science lab
playing fields staffroom



#### **Sports**

#### Find eight items related to sportsin the puzzle. Then complete the sentences.

W	е	t	s	u	i	t	С	I	S
k	Х	С	t	I	b	е	I	t	٧
С	j	а	r	b	S	t	i	С	k
b	i	f	а	h	g	k	0	S	а
b	m	h	i	У	0	р	Х	k	r
f	а	0	n	У	g	Z	е	а	а
h	е	0	е	Х	g	I	r	t	С
u	е	р	r	h	I	е	а	е	k
b	Х	Z	S	Z	е	у	j	S	е
q	W	t	I	r	S	а	t	d	t

- 1. You use a *racket*to play tennis.
- 2. You wear \_\_\_\_\_ to go swimming.
- 3. You throw the ball at the \_\_\_\_ in basketball.
- 4. You wear a \_\_\_\_\_ to go scuba diving.
- 5. You use a \_\_\_\_ to play hockey.
- 6. You wear \_\_\_\_\_ to go running.
- 7. You wear \_\_\_\_\_ to go ice skating.
- 8. You wear a \_\_\_\_ to do judo.

#### Extra vocabulary

#### Complete the text with the correct words.

can't stand crazy about meetsmind ridesspend stay wear

Jessica Dewson-Gower is different from many girls her age. She (1) \_\_\_\_\_ visiting theme parks and she doesn't like fashion, but she loves scuba diving! On Sundays, Jessica wakes up very early. She doesn't (2) \_\_\_\_\_ it, in fact, she likes getting up early. She (3) \_\_\_\_ her bike to the city centre and (4) \_\_\_\_ her friend Ben and his father there. Together, they drive to the coast. They are all Advanced Open Water Scuba Divers. They all (5) \_\_\_\_ wetsuits, as the water is quite cold. They

(6) in the water for about an hour. Every Sunday is the same. Jessica and her friends
(7) the whole day by the sea and in the sea.
She is always sad to leave the beach. Her dream is to
be an instructor one day! During the week she reads
books about diving too. She is (8) scuba
diving!

#### Making suggestions / Giving opinions

#### Choose the correct option.

- A: (1) Why / Let's / How don't we go swimming?
- B: No, thanks. I don't (2) think / want / go to do that.
- A: (3) Why / How / Shall about some rock climbing?
- B: That sounds (4) dangerous / boring / fun.
- A: It isn't, it's very safe.
- **B**: (5) Let's / Shall / Why we watch a film?
- A: That sounds (6) dangerous / boring / fun. What (7) let's / shall / why we watch?
- **B**: (8) **Why / How / Shall** about *Avatar*?
- A: That's a (9) bad / strange / good idea. Where (10) shall / why / let's we watch it?
- B: (11) Why / Let's / How go to my house.
- **A**: Okay, (12) **why / how / let's** go.

#### **Adjectives**

#### Write the opposite adjective.

	high	<u>low</u>
1	dangerous	
2	long	
3	difficult	
4	good	
5	exciting	
6	old	

#### 2 Choose the correct option.

We live in the city centre in a **boring** / <u>big</u> flat – it's got nine rooms. It's a very (1) **noisy** / **safe** area because there are a lot of motorbikes and (2) **enjoyable** / **fast** cars driving by. There is a park near my flat. It's very (3) **dangerous** / **quiet** there. I sometimes go there to read or listen to music. It's a (4) **small** / **crowded** park so there are never many people.

The restaurants near our flat are (5) **surprising / expensive** so I only go there with my parents. My friends and I usually go to a café called Café Moderno. The food is quite (6) **cheap / frightening** and it's in the city centre, so we meet other friends there.

#### Choose the correct option.

- I like sitting in the <u>sun</u> / sunny.
- 1 On icy / ice days, I stay at home.
- 2 My sister hates **storm** / **stormy** weather.
- 3 There's some fog / foggy today.
- 4 Do you like walking in the rain / rainy?
- 5 In summer, I enjoy the **hot** / **heat**.

## Asking for travel information

#### Complete the questions with five of the words.

		long	much	often	what	when	who	why
A:	(1)	's the best way t	to get to	Liverp	ool?			
B:	By train.							
A:	How (2)	does the j	ourney	take?				
B:	Around two	hours.						
A:	How (3)	do the trai	ns leav	e?				
B:	They go eve	ery 30 minutes.						
A:	(4)	's the next train?	?					
B:	10.40 a.m.							
A:	How (5)	is a return	ticket?					
B:	£56.00.							

#### Extra vocabulary

#### Complete the nouns and phrases with the words.

coaster of people park phones storm ticket trip

	a boat trip
1	head
2	a queue
3	a roller
4	a theme
5	a thunder
6	a cinala

## **Action verbs**

Look at the pictures. Make sentences using a word or phrase from each box.

#### Verbs

build <del>climb</del> close dive draw fly practise sail

#### Noun phrases

a boat the door the piano a house a picture a plane into the sea a tree



1	She's climbing a tree.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
0	

## **Adventure equipment**

Co	omplete the adventu	ее	quipment words.			
1	waterproof jacket	5	sun			
2	back	6	bin			
3						
4	first					
W	rite the name of an it	em	from exercise 2 for each definition.			
	You wear it to stay di	y w	hen it's raining.			
	a waterproof jacket	-				
1	You put it on your arms and legs to keep mosquitos away.					
2	You use them to see things that are far away.					
3	You spend the night	in it	when you are camping.			
4	You put things in it a	nd tl	hen wear it on your back			
5	You use this for mind	r m	edical emergencies.			
6	You use it to find the	cor	rect direction.			
			t you from the sun			

## Extra vocabulary

#### Underline the odd word out.

musician photographer cook cooker

- 22. hip-hop classical charity jazz
- 23. blog pop internet website
- 24. tent audition compass torch
- 25. drums tools flute viola
- 26. tiny lively huge balloon

### Having a phone conversation

The conversation below is not polite. Rewrite it using the phrases.

OK. No problem. It's ... speaking.
Can you ask her to call me when she gets back? She isn't here at the moment.
Do you want to leave a message? Is ... there, please? Who's calling, please?

A:	(1) Eva?
B:	(2) No. (3) Who are you?
A:	(4) Alf.
B:	(5) What do you want me to tell her?
A:	(6) Tell her to call me.
B:	(7) Yes.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

#### Write adjectives with the opposite meaning.

1	fat	
2	tall	
3	curly	
4	baggy	
5	dark	

## Reading

#### Read the text. What is the Queen's first name and surname?

The British Royal family is very famous all over the world. Their surname is Windsor. The Queen's first name is Elizabeth. Her husband is Prince Philip. He is from Greece but he is now British .He isn't a king, but he is the Queen's husband. Prince Philip and Queen Elizabeth have got four children; Prince Charles, Princess Anne, Prince Andrew and Prince Edward. The Queen has got eight grandchildren: Prince Harry, Prince William, Princess Eugenie, Princess Beatrice, Peter and Zara Philips, Lady Louise Windsor and James, Viscount Severn. Prince William and Prince Harry are Prince Charles' and Diana, Princess of Wales' sons. Prince William's wife is Kate Middleton. The Queen has got many houses. Buckingham Palace is her house in London. It is very big—there are 775 rooms. The Queen has other homes—they are Windsor Castle and Balmoral Castle. Windsor Castle is in Berkshire, England, and Balmoral Castle is in Scotland.

Read the text again and co	omplete the s	entences. You	can use more than one word.
1 Prince Philip's nationality	y is		
2 The Queen and Prince F			
3 Prince Charles' children			
4		and	are the Queen's homes.
Read the text. Match four	of the headin	gs A–F with pa	ragraphs 1–4 in the text.
A Personal details	D Hobbies		
B Job	E Family		
C Daily routine	F The anima	als	
1Mark Roberts works	at a wildlife res	scue centre in A	ustralia.
and in the afternoon Mark ta	akes visitors or	n tours to see all	rning, he works on his computer the animals. Mark also collects write reports about the animals.
thinks they're amazing. Son	ne of them are sanctuary are o	very friendly and endangered bec	avourite are the kangaroos. He d visitors feed and play with them. ause their homes are under threat. Is from danger.
			animals for children and listens to outer games with his son Jake.

1	Where does Mark live?
2	What does Mark do after he gets up?
3	What are Mark's favourite animals in the sanctuary?
1	What does Jake do with Mark?
₹e	ad the text. Match three of the headings A–E to paragraphs 1–3.
4	A school for all children
3	A Music School
$\mathcal{C}$	Crazy about Football
)	A Sports Academy
=	A Green School
3	
Jn	nusual schools
h u	This school is in Bali, Indonesia. It is five years old. The school is in the middle of a autiful forest. The school building hasn't got any walls; the students learn close to nature. e students come from all over the world. They study lots of subjects. Students learn a lot tside the classroom and they do projects about nature. There are after-school activities e sports, art, drama, and music.
ta 1a	River Plate School is in Buenos Aires, Argentina. The school building is in a football adium. The students at the school are from 4 to 18 years old. Students study subjects like aths, English, Science, Foreign Languages, Geography, History, Art, Music and PE. otball is a big part of the school life. Many of the students want to be footballers. All the idents at River Plate love football!
o ne u	The Door Step School is in the city of Mumbai in India. It is 25 years old. The school has t a small building in Mumbai. Some children live far from the school. For these children ere is a school bus. Inside the bus is a teacher, a classroom, a whiteboard and a TV. The s goes to different places in Mumbai and stops for two hours. Children get on the bus and we lessons in English and Maths.
₹e	ead the text again and complete the sentences. You can use more than one word.  The students at the Green School come from many
	The River Plate School is because it's in a football stadium.
	THE INVELTIBLE SCHOOLIS DECAUSE ILS III A IUULDAII SLAUIUHI.

	The school bus at the Door Stecity of Mumbai.	p School	children in different parts of the		
Rea	nd the texts. What are the nati	ionalities of the three p	people?		
An a	artist				
he a alwa The	also loves art. David makes ver ays paints with the colour blue	y unusual art. He makes because it's the colour o ent, he's working on a s	avid is crazy about basketball but s paintings with basketballs! He of his favourite basketball team – chool project – it's a picture of his		
A m	nusician				
Tia's Mile sing	Tia is from London in the UK. She is 14 and her hobby is singing. She also plays the piano. Tia's favourite kind of music is jazz. Her favourite jazz musicians are Ella Fitzgerald and Miles Davies. Tia's love of jazz comes from her mother- Francesca. Francesca is a jazz singer. Tia is practising for a school concert. She is singing her favourite Ella Fitzgerald song –'Cry Me A River'. Tia loves jazz music because it's lively and fun to listen to.				
A pi	ilot				
Aus He l flyin sea	has got a plane and at the wee	e wants to be a teacher. kend he flies to different loves seeing the world b	In his free time, he loves flying. places in Australia. James thinks elow him. James lives near the		
Rea	nd the texts again and answe	r the questions.			
1 [ 2 [ 3 ]	David's favourite sport is David's art is very  Tia's thinks jazz is  James wants to be a Maths  James loves an	  and in future.			
0	James IOVES dil				

Read the text. What is each person's job?	
Da	vid
	olly
Ka	ren
his thi dra sta the	avid makes and designs clothes. He lives in London. When David was young, he watched a mother make clothes. David sometimes helped her. He loved drawing the designs and anking of new and interesting designs. When he was at school, David was very good at awing so his dream was to be like his hero – Picasso. But his love of clothes and fashion ayed with him and after he finished university he decided to follow his dream. In 2011, at eage of 25, David opened his own shop. His clothes are very popular with teenagers cause of their unusual designs.
Mo we clo	olly is 16 and she lives in London. Molly is crazy about fashion. She writes a blog about it. olly's blog is very popular – she's got over 100,000 hits. Molly takes photographs of herself earing different clothes and puts the pictures on her website. Many shops give her free othes to show on her website because she is so popular. She loves London street fashion d often takes photos of what people are wearing in the streets of London. This gives her was about clothes for her website.
Karen is from London. She's 22 and she works in a clothes shop. She loves her job. Karen likes talking to people and helping them find that perfect item of clothing. Karen loves fashion and spends a lot of her time reading fashion magazines. She knows what looks good on people and she can guess a person's size is before they tell her.	
Read the text again and complete the sentences.	
1	David learned about from
2	When he was young, David wanted to be an
3	Molly gets a lot of her from London street fashion.
4	Karen gets ideas about fashion from