

# 18 El futuro (1): be going to

Expresamos el futuro con el verbo **be** en presente, **going to** y el infinitivo:

*It is going to rain.* (Va a llover.)

AFIRMATIVA	NEGATIVA	INTERROGATIVA
I <b>am going to leave</b>	I <b>am not going to leave</b>	<b>Am I going to leave?</b>
You <b>are going to leave</b>	You <b>are not going to leave</b>	<b>Are you going to leave?</b>
He/She/It <b>is going to leave</b>	He/She/It <b>is not going to leave</b>	<b>Is he/she/it going to leave?</b>
We <b>are going to leave</b>	We <b>are not going to leave</b>	<b>Are we going to leave?</b>
You <b>are going to leave</b>	You <b>are not going to leave</b>	<b>Are you going to leave?</b>
They <b>are going to leave</b>	They <b>are not going to leave</b>	<b>Are they going to leave?</b>

Observa que con frecuencia se emplean las contracciones de **be** al hacer frases con **be going to** + infinitivo:

*He's going to spend a week by the sea.* (Va a pasar una semana junto al mar.)

*They're going to come.* (Van a venir.)

*We aren't going to go to the party.* (No vamos a ir a la fiesta.)

Fíjate que **going to** es invariable y va siempre acompañado del verbo **be**:

*We go to spend the weekend at my grandparents'.*

*I going to travel to Italy for our summer holidays.*

Utilizamos la forma **be going to** + infinitivo para:

Expresar nuestras decisiones para el futuro:	Tomorrow I'm <b>going to</b> travel to Algeciras. (Mañana voy a viajar a Algeciras.)
Predecir el futuro utilizando información disponible en el presente:	Look at that blue sky! It's <b>going to</b> be hot. (¡Mira qué cielo tan azul! Va a hacer calor.)

## Ejercicios

**A** Haz frases con **be going to** + infinitivo y las palabras entre paréntesis. Utiliza las contracciones de **be** si es posible.

- 0 (I/see/a film tonight) *I'm going to see a film tonight.*
- 1 (She/buy/a new car tomorrow) .....
- 2 (They/not/catch/that train) .....
- 3 (you/have/a holiday next summer?) .....
- 4 (They/work/hard/the Maths test next month) .....
- 5 (they/win/the football match?) .....
- 6 (you/take/the exam in June?) .....
- 7 (she/not/buy/a new house) .....
- 8 (we/sell/our car tomorrow) .....

**B** Escribe frases con **be going to** y los verbos de la tabla para predecir lo que va a suceder en los dibujos. Utiliza las contracciones de **be**.

rain eat a pizza not play tennis  
not win the race have a swim  
watch a film make a phone call  
play the piano



0 He is going to make a phone call.

1 They .....

2 She .....

3 He .....

4 They .....

5 He .....

6 It .....

7 They .....



**C** Andrea va a visitar Gran Bretaña por primera vez. Hazle preguntas con **be going to + infinitivo**, los verbos entre paréntesis, y las palabras de la tabla.

an umbrella in a luxury hotel to a disco fish and chips  
in the sea a lot of English golf every day

0 (speak) Are you going to speak a lot of English?

1 (play) .....

2 (take) .....

3 (swim) .....

4 (eat) .....

5 (stay) .....

6 (go) .....

**D** Pon las palabras en el orden correcto.

0 (they/to/win/are/going?) Are they going to win?

1 (that/she/computer/going/to/isn't/buy) .....

2 (he/his/visit/aunt/going/is/to) .....

3 (tonight/dance/we/to/are/going) .....

4 (finish/they/are/soon/to/going?) .....

5 (next/Chile/to/going/to/he/week/travel/is) .....

6 (eat/they/out/going/are/Saturday/on/to?) .....