

4th GRADE MINIMUM CONTENTS-SOCIAL SCIENCE

UNIT 8: WHERE WE LIVE: ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

► WHERE IS SPAIN?

Spain is a country in south-west Europe. Spanish territory is the land that belongs to Spain. It consists of:

- Most of the Iberian Peninsula.
- The Balearic Islands in the Mediterranean Sea.
- The Canary Islands in the Atlantic Ocean
- The cities of Ceuta and Melilla on the coast of North Africa.

Spanish territory borders other countries. On the Iberian Peninsula, Spain borders France and Andorra to the north-east and Portugal to the west. Ceuta and Melilla border Morocco.

► AUTONOMOUS COMMUNITIES

The largest administrative division in Spain is the Autonomous Community. There are seventeen Autonomous Communities. Fifteen are on the Iberian Peninsula. The other two are the archipelagos of the Balearic Islands and Canary Islands.



Spain has two Autonomous cities on the coast of North Africa: Ceuta and Melilla.

Each Autonomous Community has its own history and traditions. They all have their own capital city and government. We live in Andalucía, an Autonomous Community in the south of Spain.



PROVINCES



Each Autonomous Community is divided into one or more provinces. A province consists of many municipalities. Each province has a capital.

Andalusia is divided into eight provinces.

► MUNICIPALITIES

The smallest administrative division in Spain is called a municipality. A municipality consists of one or more cities, towns or villages, governed by a local council. Some municipalities, such as Madrid or Seville, are very big, with a large population. Others are very small, such as Benitagla in the province of Almeria. Each municipality has its own festivals and monuments.

The head of the local council is the mayor. The mayor and the councilors work in the Town Hall. The local council organizes municipal services. These services include: health care services (hospitals), environmental services (street cleaning), police and fire services, cultural and leisure services (libraries), town planning services (organizing public transport) and education services (schools)

HOW MUNICIPALITIES ARE GROUPED

In Spain, municipalities are grouped into comarcas. Municipalities in

the same comarca usually share similar characteristics, for example, the landscape and traditions. Inhabitants share similar types of jobs, for example crop farming or tourism. Within a comarca, inhabitants also share basic municipal services, such as hospitals and schools.

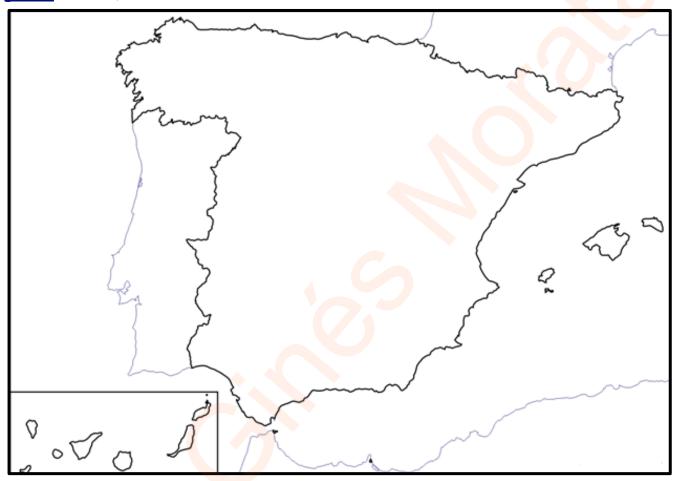




UNIT 8: WHERE WE LIVE: ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

ACTIVITIES

1.- Colour the Spanish territory <u>orange</u>, Europe <u>yellow</u> and Africa <u>green</u>. Then, write the name of the seas and oceans.



| 2 | Comp | lete | the | sentences |
|---|------|------|-----|-----------|
|---|------|------|-----|-----------|

- a. There are _____ Autonomous Communities in Spain.
- b. There are _____ Autonomous Communities on the Iberian Peninsula.
- c. Two Autonomous Communities are insular; the _____ ___ and the _____.
- d. The two Autonomous _____ of Ceuta and ____ are on the north coast of Africa



3.- Look at the map. Write the numbers next to the Autonomous Communities and Cities.

| Cantabrian Sea FRANCE ANDORRA | Andalusia | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| 5 5 8 9 | Aragon | | | |
| ATLANTIC OCEAN OCEAN 111 12 13 | Cantabria | | | |
| 15 | Catalonia | | | |
| ATLANTIC OCEAN Mediterranean Sea | Ceuta | | | |
| 18 MOROCCO ATLANTIC OCEAN MOROCCO ALGERIA | ☐ Melilla | | | |
| Castile - Leon Basque Country | | | | |
| Balearic Islands Castile - La Mancha | ☐ Rioja | | | |
| ☐ Canary Islands ☐ Extremadura ☐ Galicia | | | | |
| Community of Madrid Principali | ty of Asturias | | | |
| Region of Murcia Communit | ty of Valencia | | | |
| Chatered Community of Navarra | | | | |



4. - Use the words to complete the text.

| council coummunications Municipality jobs comarcas services | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| A consists of one or more cities, towns or villages | | | | | |
| governed by a local Municipalities in the same region are | | | | | |
| grouped into The municipalities in a comarca share | | | | | |
| similar characteristics, for example, landscapes and traditions. Inhabitants | | | | | |
| share similar, for example, crop farming or tourism. All the | | | | | |
| inhabitants of a <i>comarca</i> share basic, such as hospitals and | | | | | |
| schools. These services are usually found in the town with the best means of | | | | | |
| transport and | | | | | |

5. - Complete your bilingual dictionary.

| WHERE WE LIVE - Administrative Division | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| - Country: | - Autonomous Community: | | | |
| - Border: | - Insular Autonomous Community: | | | |
| - The largest: | - Autonomous city: | | | |
| - The smallest: | - Municipality: | | | |
| - Government: | - Local council: | | | |
| - Province: | - Town hall: | | | |
| - Popu <mark>lat</mark> ion: | - Capital city: | | | |
| - Fe <mark>st</mark> ival: | - Environmental services: | | | |
| - Mayor: | - Landscape: | | | |
| - Counci <mark>lo</mark> r: | - Inhabitant: | | | |
| - Share: | - Iberian Peninsula: | | | |
| - | - | | | |
| - | - | | | |